

PRO 2000



Drug Class: Microbicides

Drug Description

PRO 2000 is a naphthalene sulfonic acid polymer. The polymer is polyanionic and consists of alternating 2-naphthalene sulfonic acid sodium salt and methylene units. [1]

HIV/AIDS-Related Uses

PRO 2000 is an antimicrobial intravaginal gel being investigated for the prevention of HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases.[2]

Non-HIV/AIDS-Related Uses

In laboratory tests and in animal studies, PRO 2000 demonstrated activity against Chlamydia trachomatis, Neisseriae gonorrhoeae, and herpes simplex virus.[3]

Pharmacology

Mechanistically, PRO 2000 disrupts the initial binding and membrane fusion steps of HIV-1 infection.[4] PRO 2000 binds to CD4 with nanomolar affinity and blocks CD4 binding to HIV gp120. It inhibits infection by a wide range of HIV isolates in a variety of cell types.[5]

Following topical administration of naphthalene 2-sulfonate polymer in animals and intravaginal application in humans, no systemic absorption was detected.[6] PRO 2000 was undetectable in plasma samples collected from three separate Phase I studies, suggesting that negligible systemic absorption of PRO 2000 occurs following intravaginal administration.[7] [8]

PRO 2000 is completely compatible with the use of latex condoms. This may offer women an appealing alternative or complement to condoms, providing women with a means to control disease transmission. PRO 2000 has demonstrated greater safety in use than nonoxynol-9 spermicides, which have been shown to increase users' risk in contracting HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases; it is also highly stable, easy to store, and easy to apply.[9]

Adverse Events/Toxicity

In Phase I clinical trials, PRO 2000 was safe and well tolerated. Side effects were generally mild and infrequent and included vulvovaginal ulceration, irritation, itching, burning, bleeding, and mild gastrointestinal effects. Pain on passing urine was also reported.[10]

In a Phase I trial of 63 sexually active HIV uninfected women and abstinent HIV infected women, no serious adverse events were reported. Seventy-three percent of participants experienced at least one adverse event, of which 82% were classified as mild.[11] In a second Phase I trial of 73 abstinent HIV uninfected women, three women developed cervical abrasion. In both trials, the 0.5% gel formulation was better tolerated than the 4% gel formulation.[12]

During a Phase I safety and acceptability study of penile application of PRO 2000, no serious adverse events or urethral inflammation were reported following a week of daily PRO 2000 application in 72 HIV uninfected and 25 HIV infected men. Seventeen percent of uninfected participants and 4% of infected participants reported at least one mild adverse event.[13]

In a Phase I safety and acceptability study of the 0.5% gel formulation in 42 HIV uninfected women in Pune, India of low and higher risk for HIV transmission, 24 (57%) of the participants experienced at least one adverse event judged possibly related to product use. Of these 24, 7 (17%) participants experienced a moderate adverse event and 17 (40%) experienced only mild adverse events. No serious adverse events were observed.[14]

Clinical Trials

For information on clinical trials that involve PRO 2000, visit the ClinicalTrials.gov web site at <http://www.clinicaltrials.gov>. In the Search box, enter: PRO 2000 AND HIV Infections.

PRO 2000



Dosing Information

Mode of Delivery: Intravaginal.[15]

Dosage Form: The investigational product is an aqueous gel formulation containing 2% or 4% naphthalene 2-sulfonate polymer, a synthetic carbomer gelling agent, a pH 4.5 buffer, and a combination of preservatives.[16] In addition, a 0.5% gel was previously tested in healthy, sexually inactive women in the United Kingdom and Belgium [17] and in HIV uninfected, sexually active women in India.[18]

Storage: Store at 15 C to 35 C (59 F to 86 F) and protect from light.[19]

Chemistry

CAS Name: 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, sodium salt, polymer with formaldehyde[20]

CAS Number: 29321-75-3[21]

Molecular formula:
(C₁₀-H₈-O₃-S.C-H₂O.Na)_x.[22]

Molecular weight: Approximately 5 kD[23]

Physical Description: Light brown solid (active ingredient of PRO 2000).[24]

PRO 2000 is odorless and virtually colorless.[25]

Stability: Manufacturer data indicate that PRO 2000 is stable at 40 C and 75% relative humidity for 12 months.[26]

Solubility: Highly water-soluble (approximately 1 g/5 ml).[27]

Other Names

Naphthalene 2-sulfonate polymer[28]

Formaldehyde-sodium 2-naphthalenesulfonate polymer[29]

PRO 2000/5[30]

PRO-2000[31]

Further Reading

Dezzutti CS, James VN, Ramos A, Sullivan ST, Siddig A, Bush TJ, Grohskopf LA, Paxton L, Subbarao S, Hart CE. In vitro comparison of topical microbicides for prevention of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 transmission. *Antimicrob Agents Chemother*. 2004 Oct;48(10):3834-44.

Mayer KH, Karim SA, Kelly C, Maslankowski L, Rees H, Profy AT, Day J, Welch J, Rosenberg Z; HIV Prevention Trials Network (HPTN) 020 Protocol Team. Safety and tolerability of vaginal PRO 2000 gel in sexually active HIV-uninfected and abstinent HIV-infected women. *AIDS*. 2003 Feb 14;17(3):321-9.

Morrow K, Rosen R, Richter L, Emans A, Forbes A, Day J, Morar N, Maslankowski L, Profy AT, Kelly C, Abdool Karim SS, Mayer KH. The acceptability of an investigational vaginal microbicide, PRO 2000 Gel, among women in a phase I clinical trial. *J Womens Health (Larchmt)*. 2003 Sep;12(7):655-66.

Scordi-Bello IA, Mosoian A, He C, Chen Y, Cheng Y, Jarvis GA, Keller MJ, Hogarty K, Waller DP, Profy AT, Herold BC, Klotman ME. Candidate sulfonated and sulfated topical microbicides: comparison of anti-human immunodeficiency virus activities and mechanisms of action. *Antimicrob Agents Chemother*. 2005 Sep;49(9):3607-15.

Tabet SR, Callahan MM, Mauck CK, Gai F, Coletti AS, Profy AT, Moench TR, Soto-Torres LE, Poindexter III AN, Frezieres RG, Walsh TL, Kelly CW, Richardson BA, Van Damme L, Celum CL. Safety and Acceptability of Penile Application of 2 Candidate Topical Microbicides: BufferGel and PRO 2000 Gel: 3 Randomized Trials in Healthy Low-Risk Men and HIV-Positive Men. *J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr*. 2003 Aug 1;33(4):476-483.

PRO 2000



Manufacturer Information

PRO 2000

Indevus Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
99 Hayden Avenue, Suite 200
Lexington, MA 02421

For More Information

Contact your doctor or an AIDSinfo Health Information Specialist:

- Via Phone: 1-800-448-0440 Monday - Friday, 12:00 p.m. (Noon) - 5:00 p.m. ET
- Via Live Help: http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/live_help Monday - Friday, 12:00 p.m. (Noon) - 4:00 p.m. ET

References

1. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 11
2. Indevus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. - PRO 2000. Available at: <http://www.indevus.com>. Accessed 06/07/06.
3. Indevus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. - PRO 2000. Available at: <http://www.indevus.com>. Accessed 06/07/06.
4. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 1
5. Antimicrob Agents Chemother - 1996 Jan;40(1):234-236
6. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 1
7. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - pp. 3-4
8. IAS Conf on HIV Pathogenesis and Treatment - 2005. Abstract WePe10.8P09.
9. Indevus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. - PRO 2000. Available at: <http://www.indevus.com>. Accessed 06/07/06.
10. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - pp. 2, 4
11. AIDS - 2003 Feb 14;17(3):321-329
12. Sex Transm Infect - 2000 Apr;76(2):126-130
13. J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr - 2003 Aug;33(4):476-483
14. IAS Conf on HIV Pathogenesis and Treatment - 2005. Abstract WePe10.8P09.
15. Indevus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. - PRO 2000. Available at: <http://www.indevus.com>. Accessed 06/07/06.
16. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 12
17. Sex Transm Infect - 2000 Apr;76(2):126-130

PRO 2000



18. IAS Conf on HIV Pathogenesis and Treatment - 2005. Abstract WePe10.8P09.
19. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 12
20. ChemIDplus - Available at: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>. Accessed 06/07/06.
21. ChemIDplus - Available at: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>. Accessed 06/07/06.
22. ChemIDplus - Available at: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>. Accessed 06/07/06.
23. Antimicrob Agents Chemother - 1996 Jan;40(1):234-236
24. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 11
25. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 11
26. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 12
27. Protocol ID: HIVNET 020 - p. 11
28. ChemIDplus - Available at: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>. Accessed 06/07/06.
29. ChemIDplus - Available at: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>. Accessed 06/07/06.
30. ChemIDplus - Available at: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>. Accessed 06/07/06.
31. MeSH - Available at: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>. Accessed 06/07/06.